Atikokan General Hospital Financial Statements March 31, 2022

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Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

To the Board of Directors of Atikokan General Hospital:

The accompanying financial statements of the Atikokan General Hospital and all the information provided in the annual report are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board of Directors.

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Financial statements are not precise since they include certain amounts based on estimates and judgements. When alternative accounting methods exist, management has chosen those it deems appropriate in the circumstances, in order to ensure their financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects.

The Hospital maintains systems of internal accounting and administrative controls of high quality, consistent with reasonable cost. Such systems are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial information is relevant, reliable and accurate and the Hospital's assets are appropriately accounted for and adequately safeguarded.

The Board of Directors are responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and is ultimately responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements.

The Board of Directors review the Hospital's financial statements and recommend their approval. The Board of Directors meet periodically with management, as well as the external auditors, to discuss internal controls over the financial reporting issues, to satisfy themselves that each party is properly discharging their responsibilities, and to review the annual report, the financial statements and the external auditor's report. The Board of Directors takes this information into consideration when approving the financial statements for issuance to the members. The Board of Directors also considers the engagement of the external auditors.

The financial statements have been audited by MNP LLP in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards on behalf of the members. MNP LLP has full access to the Board of Directors.

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To the Board of Directors of Atikokan General Hospital:

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Atikokan General Hospital (the "Hospital"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, remeasurement gains and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Hospital as at March 31, 2022, and the results of its operations, its remeasurement gains and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Hospital in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matter

The supplementary information contained in the schedules is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not part of the basic audited financial statements. The information in the schedules was derived from the accounting records tested in forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Hospital or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Hospital's financial reporting process.

MNP LLP

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
 sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion,
 forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Hospital's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Hospital to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Thunder Bay, Ontario

Chartered Professional Accountants

MNPLLP

June 21, 2022 Licensed Public Accountants



Atikokan General Hospital Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31,	2022		2021
Current Assets			
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 1,655,4	90 \$	972,984
Short-Term Investments (Note 3)	1,227,7		1,214,633
Accounts Receivable (Note 4)	558,1	71	1,172,596
Inventories (Note 5)	206,2	61	160,961
Prepaid Expenses	291,8	29	250,066
Total Current Assets	3,940,	48	3,771,240
Non-Current Assets			
Long-Term Investments (Note 6)	258,4	85	244,192
Capital Assets (Note 7)	15,290,1	.32	15,279,933
Total Non-Current Assets	15,548,6	17	15,524,125
Total Assets	\$ 19,488,8	65 \$	19,295,365
Current Liabilities			
Accounts Payable (Note 8)	\$ 1,815,5	35 \$	1,557,190
Other Liabilities	, -,,		20,000
Total Current Liabilities	1,815,5	35	1,577,190
Long-Term Liabilities			
Capital Reserve Deferred Revenue	31,4	42	30,642
Deferred Contributions (Note 9)	1,236,2	65	1,103,591
Deferred Capital Contributions (Note 10)	13,028,2	07	13,057,089
Post-Employment Benefits Liability (Note 13)	873,9	00	858,100
Total Long-Term Liabilities	15,169,8	14	15,049,422
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets (Note 14)	2,261,9	25	2,222,844
Unrestricted	133,3		343,844
Accumulated Remeasurement Gains	108,2		102,065
Closing Net Assets Balance	2,503,5	16	2,668,753
Total Liabilities and Net Assets Balance	\$ 19,488,8	65 \$	19,295,365

Approved on behalf of the Board:

Director

Director

Atikokan General Hospital Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31,		2022	2021
Revenue			
Ministry of Health Base Allocation	\$	8,448,348 \$	8,282,748
Ministry of Health Duse Anocation Ministry of Health One-Time Payments	Y	452,644	1,059,614
Hospital On-Call Coverage		93,894	93,894
Visiting Specialist Funding		21,512	21,512
Other Revenue (Schedule 1)		1,430,286	1,518,644
Amortization of Equipment Grants/Donations		112,431	113,461
Provision for Recoveries		(81,067)	(63,939)
Total Revenue		10,478,048	11,025,934
Expenses			
Salaries and Wages (Schedule 2)		6,259,559	6,258,685
Employee Benefits (Schedule 3)		1,576,513	1,577,326
Employee Benefits Future Costs (Note 13)		15,800	(5,800)
Medical Staff Remuneration (Schedule 4)		181,838	134,662
Supplies and Other Expenses (Schedule 5)		1,870,971	1,875,313
Drugs and Medical Gases		69,487	63,395
Medical and Surgical Supplies		256,211	443,416
Bad Debts		2,172	8,864
Amortization of Software Licenses		64,481	68,324
Amortization of Equipment		277,234	250,258
Total Expenses		10,574,266	10,674,443
Surplus (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses from Hospital Operations		(96,218)	351,491
Other Items			
Amortization of Building Grants/Donations		408,833	411,295
Amortization of Land Improvements and Building		(485,255)	(484,810)
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Asset		1,200	(829)
		(75,222)	(74,344)
Other Votes and Programs - Revenues (Schedule 6)		658,075	669,400
Other Votes and Programs - Expenses (Schedule 6)		(608,830)	(607,529)
Other Votes and Programs- Provisions for Recovery (Schedule 6)		(49,245)	(61,871)
	_	-	-
Surplus (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses for the Year	\$	(171,440) \$	277,147

Atikokan General Hospital Statement of Remeasurement Gains

For the year ended March 31,	2022	2021
Accumulated remeasurement gains at the beginning of the year	\$ 102,065 \$	49,984
Change in fair value attributable to: Investments	6,203	52,081
Accumulated remeasurement gains at the end of the year	\$ 108,268 \$	102,065

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Atikokan General Hospital Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2022

	Invested in Capital Assets					2022 Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$	2,222,844	\$	343,844	\$	2,566,688
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year		(304,506)		133,066		(171,440)
Net changes in investment in capital assets (Note 14)		343,587		(343,587)		-
Balance, end of year	\$	2,261,925	\$	133,323	\$	2,395,248
For the year ended March 31, 2021		nvested in		Jnrestricted		2021 Total
Palance hoginning of year	\$	2,754,805		(465,264)	ċ	_
Balance, beginning of year	Ş		Þ	, ,	Þ	2,289,541
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses for the year		(279,465)		556,612		277,147
Net changes in investment in capital assets (Note 14)		(252,496)		252,496		-
Balance, end of year	\$	2,222,844	\$	343,844	\$	2,566,688

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Atikokan General Hospital Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31,	2022		2021
Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities			
Surplus (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses for the year	\$ (17:	1,440) \$	277,147
Items not involving cash	ψ (±).	1,440 , 9	2//,14/
Amortization	820	6,969	803,392
Amortization of Deferred Capital Contributions		1,264)	(524,756)
Loss (Gain) on Disposal of Assets		1,200)	829
, ,		3,065	556,612
Changes in Non-Cash Working Capital Balances			
Accounts Receivable	61:	3,725	(580,550)
Inventory		5,300)	8,488
Prepaid Expenses	-	1,763)	44,463
Accounts Payable	•	8,346	49,210
Other Liabilities		0,000)	15,095
Deferred Contributions	-	2,674	-
Post-employment Benefits		5,800	(5,800)
		3,482	(469,094)
	1,04	6,547	87,518
Financing Activities			
Financing Activities Short-Term Borrowings			(330,000)
Short-renn borrowings			(330,000)
Investing Activities			
Increase (Decrease) in Investments	(2:	1,254)	618,665
Capital Activities			
Purchase of Capital Assets	(83)	7,169)	(562,957)
Contributions Received for Capital Activities	493	2,382	814,601
Proceeds on disposal	:	1,200	852
Contribution of reserve fund		800	800
	(342	2,787)	253,296
Increase in Cash and Equivalents	68'	2,506	629,479
Cash, Beginning of year		2,984	343,505
Cash, End of year		5,490 \$	972,984
·	<u> </u>		·
Supplemental Disclosure			
Interest Received	\$	4,523 \$	46,138

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. Significant Accounting Policies

Nature and Purpose of Organization

Atikokan General Hospital ("the Hospital") provides health care services to the residents of the Municipality of Atikokan and surrounding areas. The Hospital, incorporated without share capital under the Corporations Act of Ontario, is a charitable organization within the meaning of the Income Tax Act and, as such, is exempt from Income Taxes under the Income Tax Act.

In addition to the Hospital's operating fund which reflects the activities of the day to day operations of the Hospital, the financial statements also include the activities of the following programs:

Ministry of Health

- Community Mental Health Program
- Community Addictions Program
- Community Problem Gambling Program
- Rent Supplement Program
- Case Management

The operating results of these programs are recorded in Schedule 6 to the financial statements and the assets and liabilities of these programs appear on the statement of financial position of the Hospital. Program surpluses and deficits are recorded as repayable or receivable in the year incurred and settlement adjustments by the Ministries or other funders are recorded when settled.

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The financial statements of the Hospital have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

The Atikokan General Hospital Foundation is a separate entity whose financial information is reported separately from the Hospital.

Capital Assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments that extend the estimated useful life of an asset are capitalized.

Construction in progress is not amortized until construction is substantially complete and the assets are ready for use.

Capital assets are capitalized on acquisition and amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives, which has been estimated to be as follows:

Land Improvements10 yearsBuildings10 to 40 yearsBuilding Service Equipment10 yearsEquipment5 to 10 yearsInformation Systems Equipment3 to 5 years

<u>Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets</u>

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized portion of contributed capital assets and restricted contributions that were used to purchase the Hospital's capital assets. Recognition of these amounts as revenue is deferred to periods when the related capital assets are amortized.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

The Hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants.

Under the Health Insurance Act and Regulations thereto, the Hospital is funded primarily by the Province of Ontario in accordance with accountability arrangements established by the Ministry of Health("MOH"), and the Ontario Health ("OH"). The Hospital has entered into a Hospital Service Accountability Agreement (the "H-SAA") for fiscal 2022 with the MOH and OH that sets out the rights and obligations of the parties to the H-SAA in respect of funding provided to the Hospital by the MOH/OH. The H-SAA also sets out the performance standards and obligations of the Hospital that establish acceptable results for the Hospital's performance in a number of areas.

If the Hospital does not meet its performance standards or obligations, the MOH/OH has the right to adjust funding received by the Hospital. The MOH/OH is not required to communicate certain funding adjustments until after the submission of year-end data. Since this data is not submitted until after the completion of the financial statements, the amount of MOH/OH funding received by the Hospital during the year may be increased or decreased subsequent to year-end.

Contributions approved but not received at year-end are accrued. Where a portion of a contribution relates to a future period, it is deferred and recognized in that subsequent period.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted contributions related to general operations are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Restricted contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Unrestricted investment income is recognized when earned. Restricted investment income is recognized in the year in which the related expenses are recognized.

Patient related revenues are recognized as revenue when services are rendered and the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Recoveries are recognized as revenue when the amount of the recovery can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributed Services

There are a substantial number of volunteers who contribute a significant amount of their time each year to Atikokan General Hospital. The fair value of these contributed services is not readily determinable and, as such, is not reflected in these financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with a chartered bank and cash on hand. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net replacement value. Cost is determined on a First-In, First-Out basis. Inventories consist of medical and general supplies that are used in the Hospital's operations and not for resale purposes.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Financial Instruments

The Hospital classifies its financial instruments as either fair value or amortized cost. The Hospital's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

Fair Value

This category includes cash and investments. Financial instruments in this category are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the fair value category are expensed as incurred.

Where a decline in fair value is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is removed from accumulated remeasurement gains and losses and recognized in the statement of operations. On sale, the amount held in accumulated remeasurement gains and losses associated with that instrument is removed from net assets and recognized in the statement of operations.

Amortized Cost

This category includes accounts receivable and accounts payable. They are initially recognized at cost and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses on financial assets.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments in the amortized cost category are added to the carrying value of the instrument.

Write-downs on financial assets in the amortized cost category are recognized when the amount of a loss is known with sufficient precision, and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. Financial assets are then written down to net recoverable value with the write-down being recognized in the statement of operations.

<u>Deferred Revenue</u>

Deferred revenue is received from contributors who have restricted use of the funds for specific purposes. Recognition of these amounts as revenue is deferred to periods when the specific expenditures are made.

Retirement and Post-employment Benefits

The Hospital provides defined retirement and post-employment benefits to certain employee groups. These benefits include pension and health and dental. The Hospital has adopted the following policies with respect to accounting for these employee benefits:

- i) The costs of post-employment future benefits are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of health care costs, and discount rates. Adjustments to these costs arising from changes in estimates and experience gains and losses are amortized to income over the estimated average remaining service life of the employee groups on a straight-line basis. Plan amendments, including past service costs are recognized as an expense in the period of the plan amendment.
- ii) The costs of the multi-employer defined benefit pension plan are the employer's contributions due to the plan in the period.
- iii) The discount rate used in the determination of the above mentioned liabilities is equal to the Hospital's internal rate of borrowing.

1. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.

Accounts payable and accruals are estimated based on historical charges for unbilled goods and services at year-end.

Deferred contributions related to capital assets and capital asset amortization are based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.

Employee future benefits are based on actuarial valuations.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenue over expenses in the periods in which they become known.

Long-lived Assets and Discontinued Operations

Long-lived assets consist of capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies. When the Hospital determines that a long-lived asset no longer has any long-term service potential to the Hospital, the excess of its net carrying amount over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the statement of operations. Write-downs are not reversed.

2. Cash

The Hospital has an overall credit facility of \$400,000, including a revolving line of credit bearing interest at prime (2.45% at year-end), repayable on demand, and corporate Visas repayable on demand and in accordance with standard terms and conditions. As at March 31, 2022, \$Nil (2021 - \$Nil) has been drawn upon this operating line of credit.

3. Short-Term Investments High Interest Savings Account Guaranteed Investment Certificate (GIC) with an interest rate of 0.6%, with a maturity	\$ 2022 1,212,509 \$	2021 799,407
date of January 2023	\$ 15,288 1,227,797 \$	415,226 1,214,633
4. Accounts Receivable	2022	2021
Ministry of Health	253,751	737,704
Insurers and Patients	71,838	68,790
Community-Based Laboratory Services	45,524	87,647
Physician Incentive Loans	34,260	51,390
HST Rebate	117,510	161,256
Other	 35,988	65,809
	 558,871 \$	1,172,596

5. Inventories	2022 2021
Opening Balance, April 1	\$ 160,961 \$ 169,449
Purchases	371,492 500,279
Expensed	(326,192) (508,767)
Closing Balance, March 31	\$ 206,261 \$ 160,961
6. Long-Term Investments	2022 2021
Pooled and mutual funds (cost - \$150,135)	\$ 258,485 \$ 244,192

7.	Capital Assets		2022				2021			
				Ad	cumulated			Α	ccumulated	
			Cost	Ar	mortization		Cost	Α	mortization	
	Land	\$	25,234	\$	-	\$	25,234	\$	-	
	Land Improvements	-	325,118	-	235,295	•	316,966		213,256	
	Buildings		18,028,383		5,504,850		17,839,382		5,145,256	
	Building Service Equipment		2,093,281		860,725		1,947,735		757,104	
	Work-in-Progress		262,600		-		191,601		-	
	Equipment		4,492,932		3,336,546		4,211,510		3,136,879	
	Information Systems Equipment		390,519		390,519		326,038		326,038	
		\$	25,618,067	\$	10,327,935	\$	24,858,466	\$	9,578,533	
	Net Book Value			\$	15,290,132			\$	15,279,933	

During the year, capital assets were acquired with an aggregate cost of \$837,169 (2021 - \$562,957) using provincial grant funding of \$331,771, donations of \$160,611 and operating cash of \$344,787

8. Accounts Payable	2022	2021
Trade	\$ 664,030 \$	476,859
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	822,344	728,876
Other	24,085	21,067
Ministry of Health		
Community Counselling Services	107,620	129,124
Visiting Specialist Program	21,512	61,512
Episode of Care	144,144	107,952
Other	31,800	31,800
	\$ 1,815,535 \$	1,557,190

9. Deferred Contributions

Deferred contributions represent unspent externally restricted funding that has been received and relates to a subsequent year. Changes in the contributions deferred to future periods are as follows:

	2022		2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,103,59	•	1,103,591
Contributions received during the year	132,67		-
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,236,26	5 \$	1,103,591
Deferred contributions are comprised of:	2022		2021
General Donations	\$ 10,12	9 Ś	10,129
Deferred provincial grants	116,16		32,039
Hospital Physician Recruitment	48,54	4	-
Rainycrest Long-Term Care	1,061,42	3	1,061,423
	\$ 1,236,26	5 \$	1,103,591

As at March 31, 2022, there was \$84,130 (2021 - \$Nil) of deferred provincial grants which were not yet utilized. This relates to an accrual set up for the funding of the Temporary Nurse Retention Incentive to be paid in May 2022 and September 2022.

10. Deferred Capital Contributions

Deferred capital contributions represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of donations and grants received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations. Changes in the contributions capital deferred to future periods are as follows:

	2022	2021
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 13,057,089	\$ 12,767,243
Grants received during the year	492,382	814,601
Amortization	(521,264)	(524,755)
Balance, end of year	\$ 13,028,207	\$ 13,057,089

As at March 31, 2022 there was \$353,243 (2021 - \$205,000) of deferred capital contributions received which were not yet utilized. The unused portion of the Health Infrastructure Renewal Fund for 2021/2022 was approved for carryover due to delays that arose due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

11. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Atikokan General Hospital is a member of Health Care Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC"). HIROC is a pooling of the public liability insurance risks of its members. All members of the pool pay annual premiums which are actuarially determined. All members are subject to reassessment for losses, if any, experienced by the pool for the years in which they are members and losses could be material. The Hospital joined HIROC in 1998 and no reassessments have been made to March 31, 2022.

The outcome of claims now pending is not determinable and is not expected to be material.

12. Economic Dependence

The Hospital receives the majority of its funding from the Ministry of Health and is therefore economically dependent on its government department.

2021

(40,500)

(5,800)

2022

(26,800)

15,800

13. Post-Employment Benefits Liability

Reconciliation of plan funds (benefit payments)

The following tables outline the components of the Hospital's post-employment benefits and the related expenses.

Accrued benefit obligation Unamortized actuarial gain	\$ 600,800 273,100	\$ 644,200 213,900
Total Liability	\$ 873,900	\$ 858,100
	2022	2021
Current year benefits costs	\$ 40,800	\$ 35,600
Amortized actuarial (gains) losses	(18,300)	(23,100)
Interest on accrued benefit obligation	20,100	22,200

Above amounts exclude pension contributions to the Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan ("HOOPP"), a multi-employer plan, described below.

Retirement Benefits

Substantially all of the full-time employees and some of the part-time employees are members of HOOPP. The plan is a multi-employer plan and therefore the Hospital's contributions are accounted for as if the plan were a defined contribution plan with the Hospital's contributions being expensed in the period they become due. Contributions made to the plan during the year by the Hospital amounted to \$525,703 (2021 - \$520,607).

Post-employment Benefits

The Hospital extends post-employment life insurance, health and dental benefits to certain employee groups subsequent to their retirement. The Hospital recognizes these benefits as they are earned during the employee's tenure of service. The related benefit liability was determined by an actuarial valuation study.

The major assumptions employed for the valuations are as follows:

a) Discount Rate

The present value as at March 31, 2022 of the future benefits was determined using a discount rate of 4.0% (2021- 3.0%).

b) Extended Health Care Trend Rates

Extended health care costs were assumed to increase at 6.0% per annum in 2023 and decrease by 0.25% per annum thereafter to an ultimate rate of 4.0%.

c) Dental Costs

Dental costs were assumed to increase at 4.0% per annum.

14. Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets

a) Investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:	2022 2021
Capital Assets	\$ 15,290,132 \$ 15,279,933
Amounts financed by Deferred Contributions	(13,028,207) (13,057,089)
,	\$ 2,261,925 \$ 2,222,844
b) The change in net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses:	2022 2021
Amortization of Deferred Grants and Donations related to:	
Equipment/Software Licenses	\$ 112,431 \$ 113,461
Buildings	408,833 411,295
Amortization related to:	
Equipment/Software Licenses	(341,715) (318,582)
Buildings	(485,255) (484,810)
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	1,200 (829)
	\$ (304,506) \$ (279,465)
Net change in investment in capital assets:	2022 2021
Purchase of Capital Assets	\$ 837,169 \$ 562,957
Amounts funded by Deferred Grants and Donations	(492,382) (814,601)
Proceeds of Capital Asset Disposal	(1,200) (852)
	\$ 343,587 \$ (252,496)
	\$ 39,081 \$ (531,961)

15. Related Entity

Atikokan General Hospital Foundation is an independent corporation incorporated without share capital which has its own independent Board of Directors and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act. The Foundation receives and maintains funds for charitable purposes, which it donates to the Hospital for use in operations, renovations, maintenance and equipment purchases of the Hospital.

The Foundation holds funds of approximately \$502,375, the benefit of which is to be used for capital projects or capital asset purchases of the Hospital. During the year, the Foundation contributed \$159,115 to the Hospital.

16. Financial Instrument Classification

The following table provides cost and fair value information of financial instruments by category. The maximum exposure to credit risk would be the carrying value as shown below.

Cash	
Accounts Receivable	
Investments	
Accounts Payable	
Other Liabilities	

2022										
	Amortized									
Fair Value Cost					Total					
\$	1,655,490	\$	-	\$	1,655,490					
	-		558,871		558,871					
	1,486,282		-		1,486,282					
	-		(1,815,535)		(1,815,535)					
	-		-		-					
\$	3,141,772	\$	(1,256,664)	\$	1,885,108					
	•				<u> </u>					

Cash
Accounts Receivable
Investments
Accounts Payable
Other Liabilities

			202	1				
Amortized								
Fair Value		Cost		Total				
\$ 972,984	\$	-	\$	972,984				
-		1,172,596		1,172,596				
1,458,825		-		1,458,825				
-		(1,557,190)		(1,557,190)				
 -		(20,000)		(20,000)				
\$ 2,431,809	\$	(404,594)	\$	2,027,215				

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Level 1 to Level 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities using the last bid price;

Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and

Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Cash
Investments
Total

 2022										
Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Total					
\$ 1,655,490	\$	1,212,509	\$	-	\$	2,867,999				
258,485		15,288		-		273,773				
\$ 1,913,975	\$	1,227,797	\$	-	\$	3,141,772				

Cash
Investments
Total

2021										
Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total			
\$	972,984	\$	-	\$	-	\$	972,984			
	244,192		1,214,633		-		1,458,825			
\$	1,217,176	\$	1,214,633	\$	-	\$	2,431,809			

2021

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 for the years ended March 31, 2022 and 2021. There were also no transfers in or out of Level 3.

17. Financial Instrument Risk

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Hospital if a debtor fails to make payments of interest and principal when due. The Hospital is exposed to this risk relating to its cash, debt holdings in its investment portfolio and accounts receivable. The Hospital holds its cash accounts with a federally regulated chartered bank which is insured by the Canadian Deposit Insurance Corporation. In the event of default, the Hospital's cash accounts are insured up \$100,000.

The Hospital's investment policy operates within the constraints of the investment guidelines issued by the MOH in relation to the funding agreements and puts limits on the investment portfolio including portfolio composition limits, issuer type limits, bond quality limits, aggregate issuer limits, corporate sector limits and general guidelines for geographic exposure.

The maximum exposure to investment credit risk is outlined in Notes 4 and 16.

68,790

366,102

\$ 1,172,596

Accounts receivable are primarily due from OHIP, the Ministry of Health and patients. Credit risk is mitigated by the financial solvency of the provincial government and the highly diversified nature of the patient population.

The Hospital measures its exposure to credit risk based on how long the amounts have been outstanding. Accounts received that are not considered to be collectible are written off at year-end based on the Hospital's historical experience regarding collections. The amounts outstanding at year-end were as follows:

2022				Past Due							
<u></u>	Total		Current		1-30		31-60		61-90	91 +	
MOH/OH \$	253,751	\$	253,751								
Insurers and Patients	71,838		-		70,518		180		225	915	
Other	233,282		168,635		14,814		15,573		-	34,260	
\$	558,871	\$	422,386	\$	85,332	\$	15,753	\$	225 \$	35,175	
										_	
2021				Past Due							
	Total		Current		1-30		31-60		61-90	91 +	
MOH/OH \$	737,704	\$	737,704		•					_	

57,959

43,904

\$ 101,863

8,471

38,415

46,886

635

10,000

10,635

1,725 152,667

154,392

The amounts aged greater than 90 days owing from patients that have not had a corresponding impairment allowance setup against them are collectible based on the Hospital's past experience. Management has reviewed the individual balances and based on the credit quality of the debtors and their past history of payment. There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

121,116

858,820

Market Risk

Insurers and Patients

Other

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of market factors. Market factors include three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and equity risk. The Hospital is not exposed to significant currency risk as it does not transact materially in foreign currency. The Hospital is exposed to equity risks with regards to its investments in pooled and mutual funds and interest risk with its investments in bonds.

17. Financial Instrument Risk (continued)

Market Risk (continued)

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the potential for financial loss caused by fluctuations in fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments because of changes in market interest rates. The Hospital is exposed to this risk through its interest bearing investments included in long term investments.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will not be able to meet all cash outflow obligations as they come due. The Hospital mitigates this risk by monitoring cash activities and expected outflows through extensive budgeting and maintaining investments that may be converted to cash in the near-term if unexpected cash outflows arise. The follow table sets out the contractual maturities (representing undiscounted contractual cash-flows of financial liabilities):

	2022							
			6 n	nonths				<u>.</u>
			to 1 year		1-5 years		> 5	years
Accounts payable	\$	1,815,535	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
				20)21			
		Within	6 n	nonths				<u>.</u>
		6 months	to	1 year	1-!	5 years	> 5	years
Accounts payable	\$	1,557,190	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

18. COVID-19 Impact

In response to COVID-19 and consistent with guidance provided by the MOH and other government agencies, the Hospital has implemented a number of measures to protect patients and staff from COVID-19. In addition, the Hospital has actively contributed towards the care of COVID-19 patients and the delivery of programs that protect public health.

The Hospital continues to respond to the pandemic and plans for continued operational and financial impacts during the 2023 fiscal year and beyond. Management has assessed the impact of COVID-19 and believes there are no significant financial issues that compromise its ongoing operations. The outcome and timeframe to a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable, thus it is not practicable to estimate and disclose its effect on future operations at this time.

19. Ministry of Health pandemic funding

In connection with the ongoing coronavirus pandemic (COVID-19), the MOH has announced a number of funding programs intended to assist hospitals with incremental operating and capital costs and revenue decreases results from COVID-19. In addition to these funding programs, the MOH is also permitting hospitals to redirect unused funding from certain programs towards COVID-19 costs, revenue losses and other budgetary pressures through a broad-based funding reconciliation.

While the MOH has provided guidance with respect to the maximum amount of funding potentially available to the Hospital, as well as criteria for eligibility and revenue recognition, this guidance continues to evolve and is subject to revision and clarification subsequent to the time of approval of these financial statements. The MOH has also indicated that all funding related to COVID-19 is subject to review and reconciliation, with the potential for adjustments during the subsequent fiscal year.

Management's estimate of MOH revenue for COVID-19 is based on the most recent guidance provided by MOH and the impacts of COVID-19 on the Hospital's operations, revenues and expenses. As a result of Management's estimation process, the Hospital has determined a range of reasonably possible amounts that are considered by Management to be realistic, supportable and consistent with the guidance provided by the MOH. However, given the potential for future changes to funding programs that could be announced by the MOH, the Hospital has recognized revenue related to COVID-19 based on the lower end of the range. Any adjustments to Management's estimate of MOH revenues will be reflected in the Hospital's financial statements in the year of settlement.

Details of the MOH funding for COVID-19 recognized as revenue in the current year are summarized below:

	 2022	2021
Funding for incremental COVID-19 operating expenses	\$ 158,047	\$ 531,439
COVID-19 Assessment Centre funding	223,646	197,615
Pandemic Pay funding	-	241,639
Other pandemic funding	70,951	79,721
Funding for revenue losses resulting from COVID-19	 -	9,200
	\$ 452,644	\$ 1,059,614

Details of MOH funding for COVID-19 recognized as revenue with Other Votes and Programs in the current year are summarized below:

Mental Health & Addictions	-	10,000
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In addition to the above, the Hospital has also recognized \$34,722 in MOH funding for COVID-19 related capital expenditures, which has been recorded as an addition to deferred capital contributions during the year.

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 1 - Other Revenue

For the year ended March 31,	2022	2021
Outpatient Revenue		
Ontario Health Insurance Plan	\$ 116,208 \$	113,120
Non-Residents of the Province and Canada	32,481	73,836
Workplace Safety & Insurance Board	18,517	13,133
Ambulance	8,370	7,860
	\$ 175,576 \$	207,949
Co-Payment Revenue		
ALC Patients	\$ 37,865 \$	68,739
Extended Care Patients	 544,962	537,449
	\$ 582,827 \$	606,188
Differential Revenue		
Acute Care Patients	\$ 21,698 \$	21,096
Extended Care Patients	 49,907	49,351
	\$ 71,605 \$	70,447
Recoveries		
Non-Patient Food Services	\$ 36,135 \$	33,067
CCAC Recoveries	19,212	15,770
Compensation and Services	439,060	453,339
Municipal Government	(27,534)	20,000
Materials	10,346	28,467
Rentals	24,720	-
Miscellaneous	 98,339	83,417
	\$ 600,278 \$	634,060
Total Other Revenue	\$ 1,430,286 \$	1,518,644

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 2 - Salaries and Wages

For the year ended March 31,		2022	2021
Patient Care			
Inpatient Wards	\$	1,283,426 \$	1,339,148
Extended Care	·	1,019,174	953,826
Diabetes Education		12,692	15,691
Ambulatory Care		678,662	729,947
Laboratory		418,704	347,919
Diagnostic Imaging		188,398	192,709
Pharmacy		70,001	67,804
Clinical Nutrition		55,940	61,276
Therapeutic Services		357,311	281,511
Total Patient Care	\$	4,084,308 \$	3,989,831
Support Services			
General Administration	\$	744,809 \$	812,111
Information System Support		64,310	38,254
Human Resources and Recruitment		43,748	30,419
Physical Plant		215,263	220,891
Environmental Services		381,897	437,586
Food Services		381,904	394,802
Patient Information		163,342	147,822
Marketed Services		46,977	48,796
Materials Management and Reprocessing		133,001	138,173
Total Support Services	\$	2,175,251 \$	2,268,854
Total Salaries and Wages	\$	6,259,559 \$	6,258,685

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 3 - Employee Benefits

For the year ended March 31,	2022		
Counds Descine Disc		270.000 ¢	256.240
Canada Pension Plan	\$	279,999 \$	256,348
Hospital Pension Plan		492,628	483,075
Employment Insurance		101,988	97,879
Workplace Safety & Insurance Board		76,322	73,967
Long-Term Disability Insurance		75,275	86,102
Employer Health Tax		123,416	121,742
Extended Health Care Insurance		106,826	106,192
Dental Insurance		74,844	74,461
Group Life and Accidental Death & Dismemberment		23,786	23,314
Termination Benefits		36,066	82,482
Benefit and Vacation % in Lieu		185,363	171,764
Total Employee Benefits	\$	1,576,513 \$	1,577,326

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 4 - Medical Staff Remuneration

For the year ended March 31,	2022	2021	
Honorariums	\$ 25,473 \$	25,276	
Hospital On Call Coverage	93,894	48,558	
Clinical Laboratory	19,910	18,357	
Imaging	 42,561	42,471	
Total Medical Staff Remuneration	\$ 181,838 \$	134,662	

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 5 - Supplies and Other Expenses

For the year ended March 31,	202	2	2021
Patient Care			
Inpatient Wards	\$	64,326 \$	68,258
Extended Care	:	122,258	127,721
Diabetes Education		8,413	4,477
Ambulatory Care		28,014	35,188
Laboratory	:	157,874	142,668
Diagnostic Imaging		61,612	77,559
Pharmacy		20,758	14,925
Clinical Nutrition		947	920
Therapeutic Services		37,585	26,961
Total Patient Care	\$!	01,787 \$	498,677
Support Services			
General Administration	\$ 2	2 70,377 \$	307,709
Information System Support		283,813	243,816
Human Resources and Recruitment		6,326	3,900
Physical Plant		119,853	436,638
Environmental Services		45,933	56,059
Food Services	:	170,731	151,906
Patient Information		6,794	2,695
Health System Development	:	L 24, 960	144,538
Marketed Services		20,685	18,406
Materials Management		19,712	10,969
Total Support Services	\$ 1,3	3 69,184 \$	1,376,636
Total Supplies and Other Expenses	_\$ 1,8	3 70,971 \$	1,875,313

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 6 - Other Votes and Programs

						Community						or the year		
		ıbstance	-	Problem	Me	ental Health				Rent	Municipal	ded March	For	the year ended
		Abuse	G	ambling		Program	Adı	ninistration	S	upplement	Taxes	31, 2022	N	larch 31, 2021
Revenue														
MOH/OH Funding	\$	69,421	\$	92,963	\$	477,115	\$	-	\$	11,772	\$ 3,075	\$ 654,346	\$	654,638
MOH/OH One Time Funding		-		-		-		-		-	-	-		10,000
Other Revenue and Recoveries		-		-		3,729		-		-	-	3,729		4,762
Total Revenue	\$	69,421	\$	92,963	\$	480,844	\$	-	\$	11,772	\$ 3,075	\$ 658,075	\$	669,400
Operating Expenses														
Salaries and Wages	\$	35,713	\$	33,607	\$	265,801	\$	63,411	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 398,532	\$	420,411
Employee Benefits		15,758		8,278		49,163		18,912		-	-	92,111		101,861
Medical Staff Remuneration		-		-		7,016		-		-	-	7,016		4,985
Supplies and Other Expenses		260		-		31,521		28,134		9,976	-	69,891		47,209
Buildings & Grounds		-		-		6,867		31,338		-	3,075	41,280		33,063
Total Operating Expenses	\$	51,731	\$	41,885	\$	360,368	\$	141,795	\$	9,976	\$ 3,075	\$ 608,830	\$	607,529
Net Revenue (Expense)	\$	17,690	\$	51,078	\$	120,476	\$	(141,795)	\$	1,796	\$ -	\$ 49,245	\$	61,871
Administration Allocation		(15,303)		(20,493)		(105,999)		141,795		-	-	-		-
Net Revenue (Expense) Before Amount Repayable		2,387		30,585		14,477		-		1,796	-	49,245		61,871
Amount Repayable to Ministry of Health		(2,387)		(30,585)		(14,477)				(1,796)		(49,245)		(61,871
Net Revenue (Expense)	Ś	_	Ś		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$ 	Ś	

Atikokan General Hospital Schedule 7 - Diabetes Education Program

For the year ended March 31,	20	22	2021	
Revenue				
Ministry of Health Base Allocation	\$	22,454 \$	22,454	
Operating Expenses				
Salaries and Wages	\$	12,692 \$	15,691	
Employee Benefits		3,223	3,769	
Supplies and Other Expenses		8,413	4,477	
Total Operating Expenses	\$	24,328 \$	23,937	
Net Revenue	\$	(1,874) \$	(1,483)	